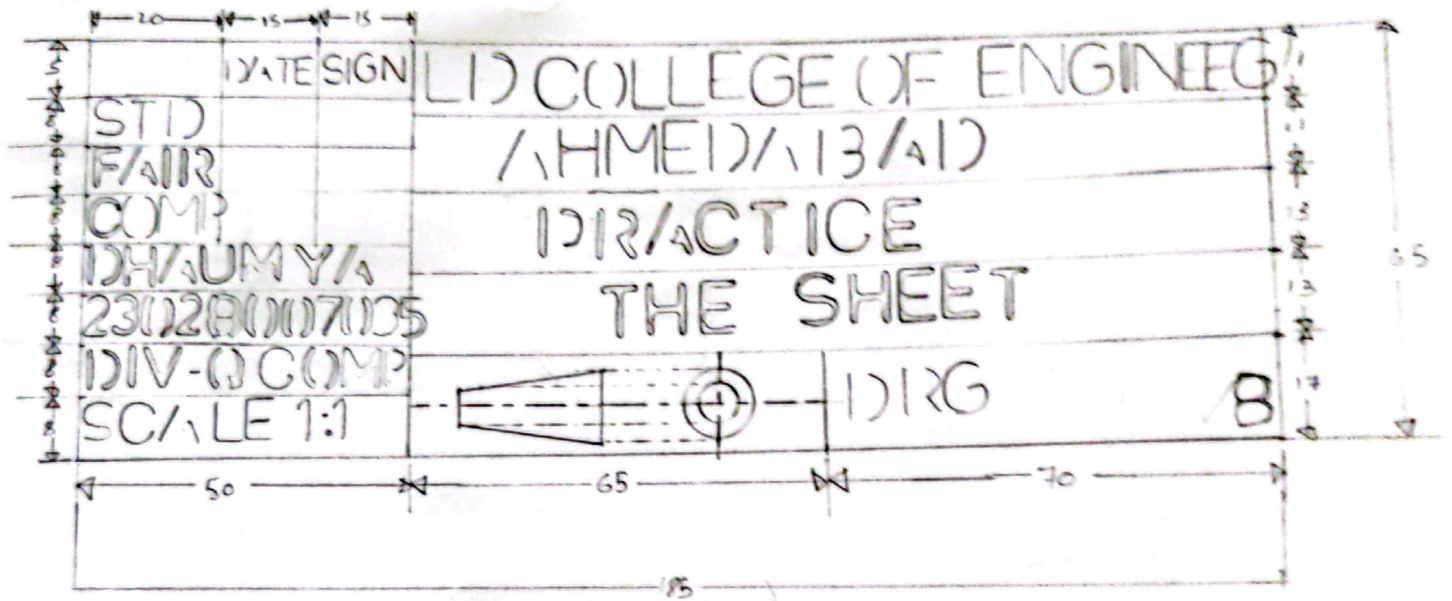








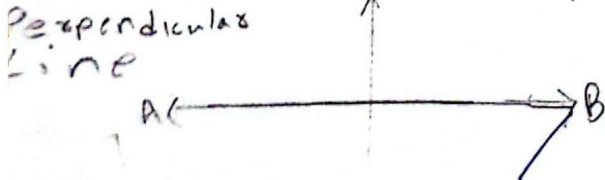


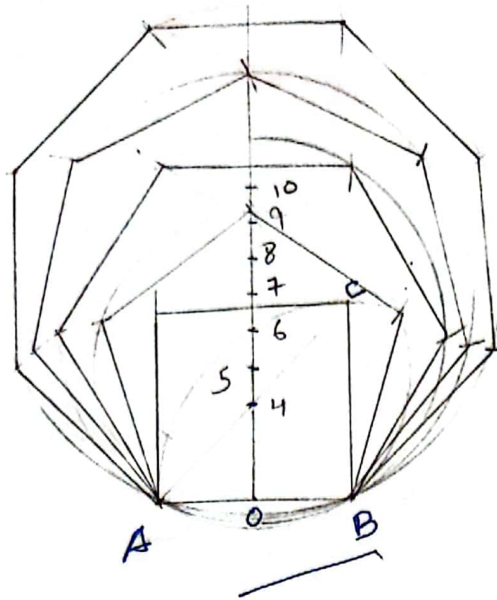
ALL THE DIMENS ARE IN MM



TYPE	ILLUSTRATION	APPLICATION
A CONTINUOUS THICK		VISIBLE OUTLINE
B CONTINUOUS THIN		DIMENSION LINE, LEADER LINES, EXTENSION LINES, CONSTRUCTION LINE OUTLINES (OF ADJACENT PARTS HATCHING AND REVOLUTION) VEID SECTION IRREGULAR (RIBBON) UNIFORM LINES, SHORT BREAK LINES
C CONTINUOUS THIN WAVY		
D SHORT DASH MEDIUM		HIDDEN (OUTLINES AND) EDGES
E LONG CHAIN THIN		CENTER LINES, LOCUS LINES EXTREME POSITIONS (OF THE MOVABLE PARTS FRONT) OF THE CUTTING PLANES AND PITCH CIRCLES
F LONG CHAIN THICK AND THIN ELSEWHERE		CUTTING PLANE LINES
G LONG CHAIN THICK		TO INDICATE SURFACE WHICH ARE TO RECEIVE ADDITIONAL TREATMENT
H RULED LINE AND SHORT ZIGZAG		LONG BREAK LINE

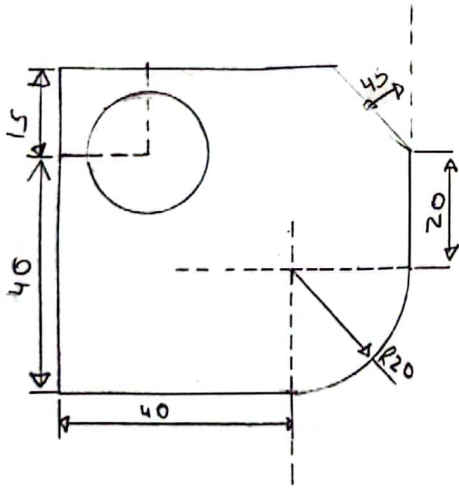


★ Polygone by Universal Method

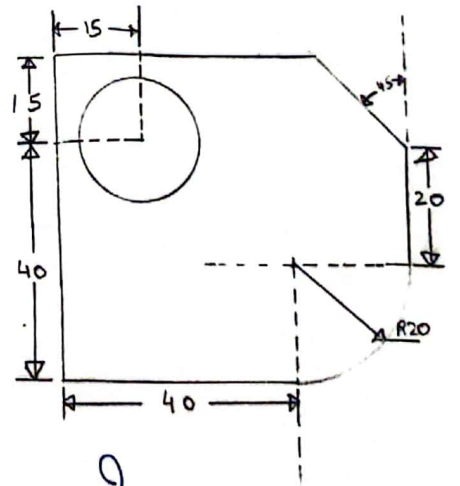


num!

★ Method of Dimensioning



9.
Aligned



9.
Unidirectional

~~ans~~
4/3

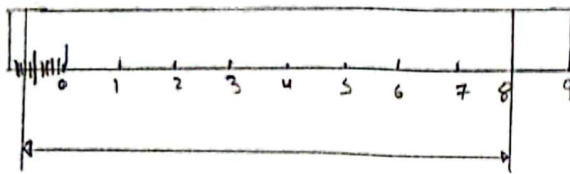
Problem-1 Construct a plain scale of RF 1:100 show meters & decimeters.
 max measurement required 1.10 meter Indicate 8m, 7dm on the scale

$$LOS = RF \times M.S$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \times 10m$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \times 10 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$LOS = 10cm$$

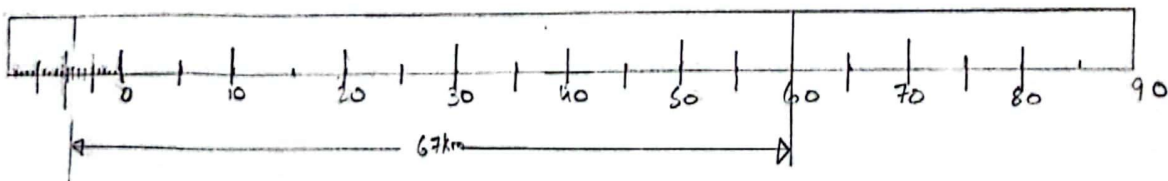


Problem-2 Determine plain scale for 100 km length RF $\Rightarrow 1cm = 5km$ which is also to measure 100 km length.

Indicate 67 on this scale

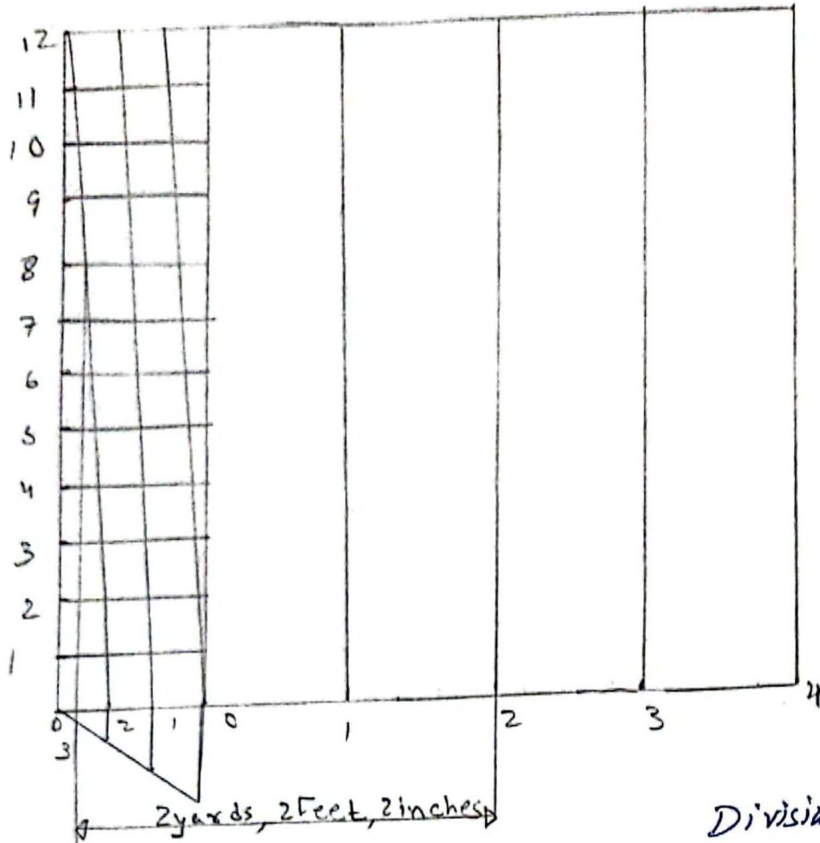
$$LOS = RF \times M.S \Rightarrow \frac{1cm}{5 \times 10^3 \times 10^2} \times 100 \times 10^3 \times 10^2 cm = 120cm$$

Division ?



Problem-3 Construct a diagonal scale where R.F = $\frac{1}{36}$ showing yard, Feet, inch scale should be enough to measure 5 yards 2-8 part on it 2yard 2feet 8inch
 1yard = 3feet.

$$LOS = RF \times [max\ length] = \frac{1}{36} \times 5\ yard = \frac{1}{36} \times 8 \times 3 \times 2 = 5\ inches$$



4) The dist b/w two cities A & B is 500 km its equivalent distance on a map only 6 cm what is the R.F. Draw a diagonal scale to show 1000s of km & km 5. Indicate on the scale following distances, 525 km, 256 km, 313 km

$$\frac{6 \text{ cm}}{500 \text{ km}} = \frac{6}{3000 \times 1000 \times 100}$$

$$\text{LOS} = \text{RF} (\text{max length of measurement}) = \frac{6}{300 \times 1000 \times 100} \times (600 \times 1000 \times 100) = 12 \text{ cm}$$

